# Phantom Development Approach Proposal for Measurement Method

Pathology Visions 2015
Philips Research
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#### **Draft Guidance Document**

**Technical Performance Assessment of Digital Pathology** 

**Whole Slide Imaging Devices** 

February 25, 2015

IV(B). System-level Assessment

IV(B)(1). Color Reproducibility

IV(B)(2). Spatial Resolution

IV(B)(3). Focusing Test

IV(B)(4). Whole Slide Tissue Coverage

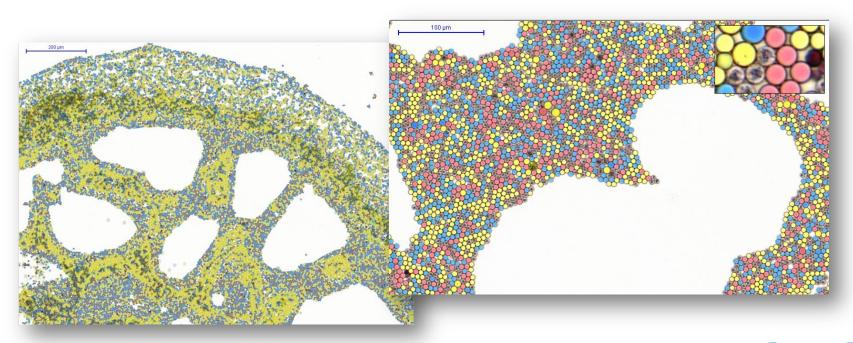
IV(B)(5). Stitching Error



## Micro beads to create phantom models for system level

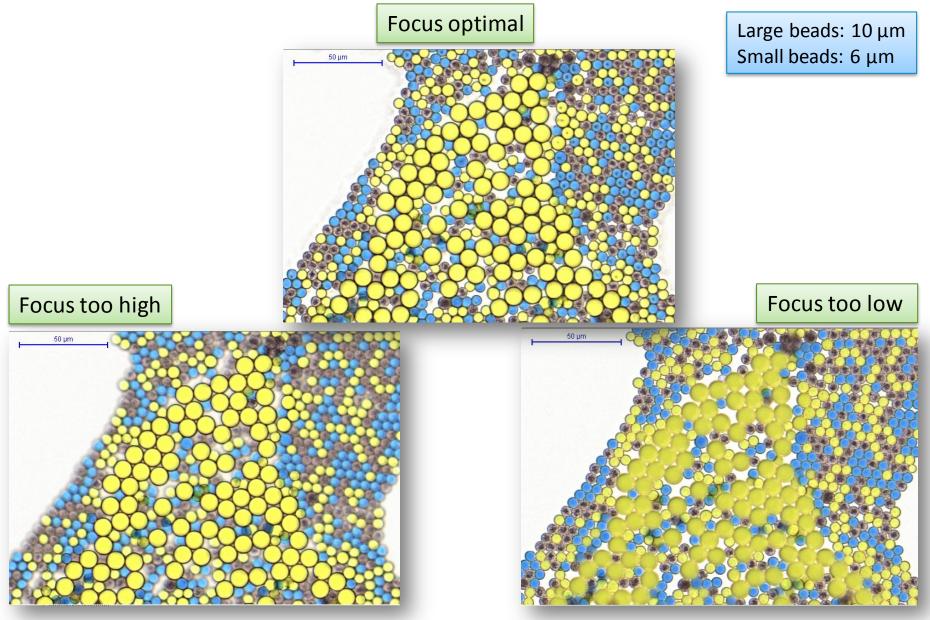
Micro beads give interesting possibilities for phantom development:

- Commercially available
- Well defined spherical objects with small tolerance
- Variety of colors and sizes (diameter range from 0.2 to 20 μm)
- Refractive index and absorption properties close to tissue
- Possible to be spotted and printed in monolayers
- Suited for manufacturing of large batches of samples/phantoms



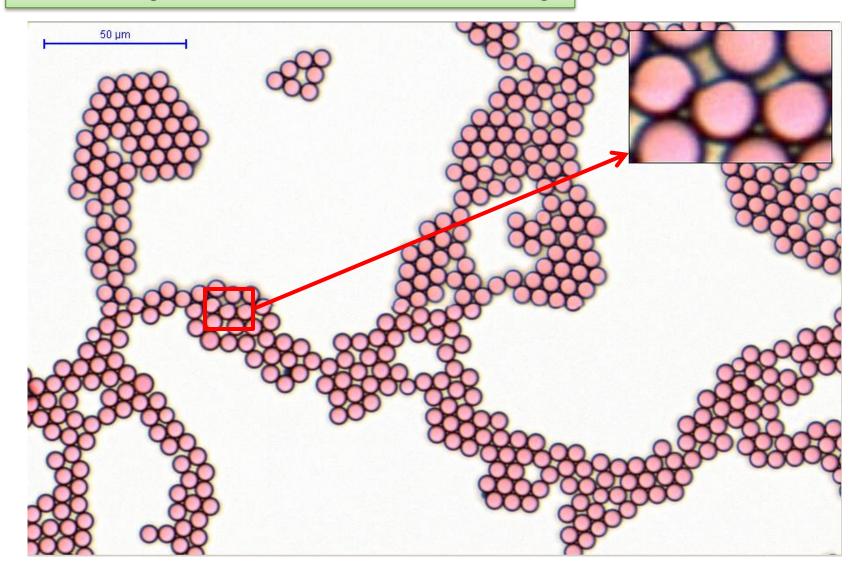


## **TPA Focusing Test: Micro beads of different sizes and colors**



## **TPA Stitching error test: Beads structure defects**

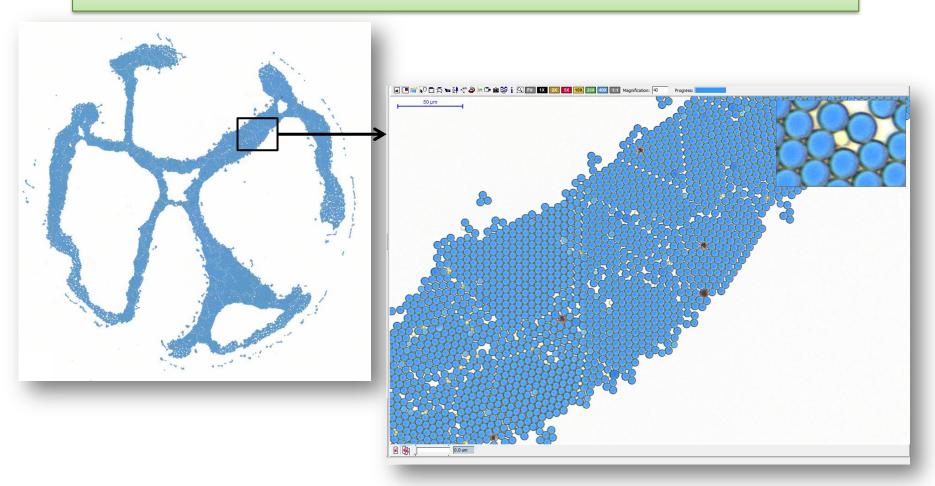
Automated algorithm to locate defects due to stitching





### TPA Whole slide tissue coverage test: Mixture and structure

Beads mixture: blue 6  $\mu$ m + 0.1% yellow 3  $\mu$ m + 0.1% violet 6  $\mu$ m



Measurement method: Accuracy of mixture detection per section and total

#### **Conclusions**

- Micro beads are regarded as very interesting directions for Digital Pathology phantoms
- Several TPA System level tests measurement methods can be developed based on micro beads:

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- Combination of multiple system level tests in one phantom might be possible
- Measurement algorithms for these tests are investigated further



