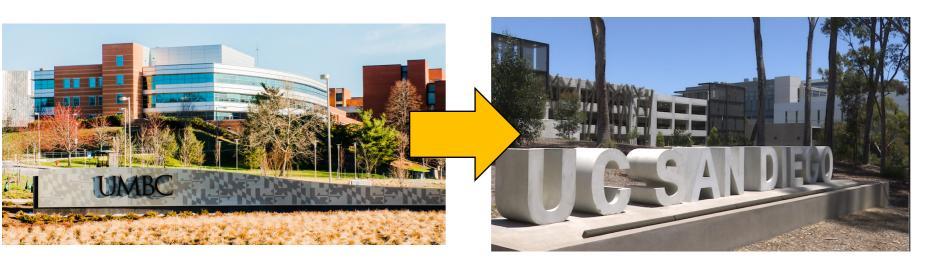


Studying the relationship between DNA damage in cancer cells and immune responses

Joshua François Postdoctoral Research Fellow, Harvard Medical School

PAVES 2021

My Personal Journey



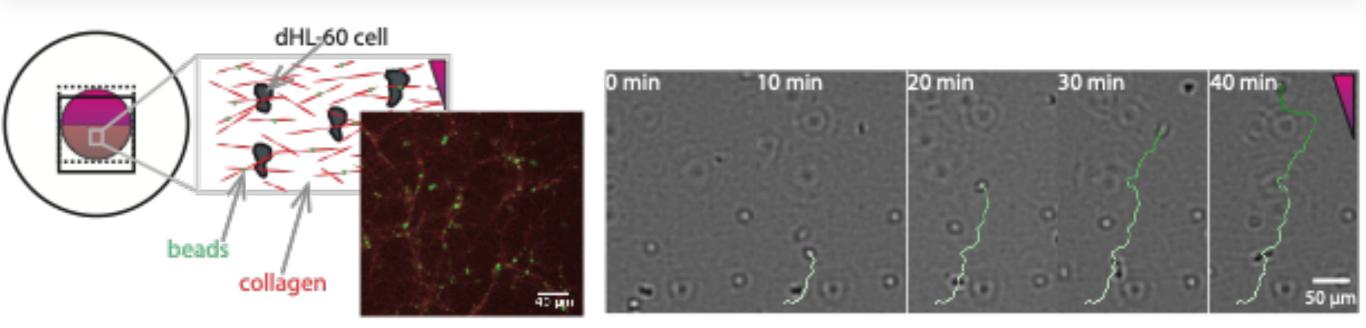
University of Maryland, Baltimore County

University of California, San Diego

B.S. Mechanical Engineering

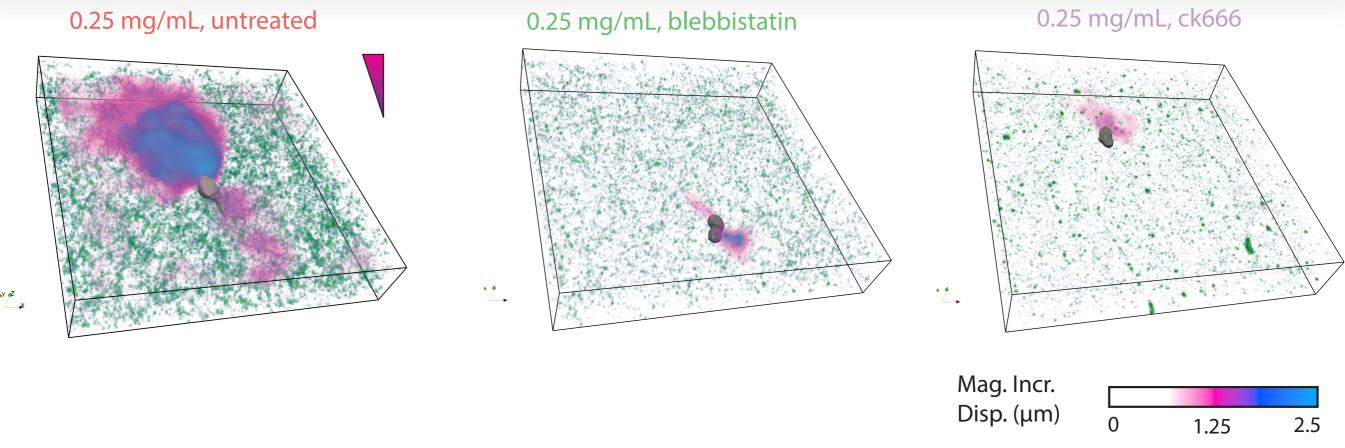
Ph.D. Bioengineering

Mechanics of Neutrophil Migration in 3-D environments



- Built custom migration chamber for directed 3-D neutrophil migration in collagen gels
- Developed automated label and label-free cell tracking methods for tracking > 20,000 cells

3-D neutrophil migration is dependent on ability to deform local environment and turn



Findings

Low-Density 3-D Environments: Neutrophils rely on ability to deform surroundings

High-Density 3-D Environments: Neutrophils rely on ability to turn

Proteins involved in cell contractility, and turning crucial for neutrophil migration in 3-D environments

My Personal Journey



University of Maryland, Baltimore County

B.S. Mechanical Engineering

University of California, San Diego

Ph.D. Bioengineering

Harvard Medical School

Postdoctoral Research Fellow, Systems Biology

p53 dynamics can alter cell fates

p53 recognizes cellular stress

- DNA damage
- unusual growth signals
- oncogene activation
- hypoxia
- etc.

Different p53 dynamics linked to fate

- Pulsatile -> DNA damage repair
- Sustained -> Senescence

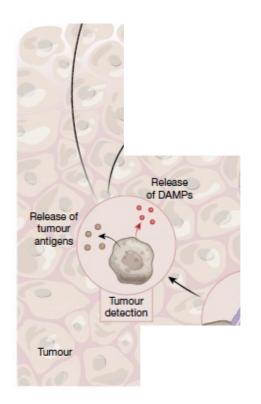
Cellular stress signals in tumors can illicit immune responses

Immune system can respond to tumor cells after cellular stress

Innate and adaptive responses

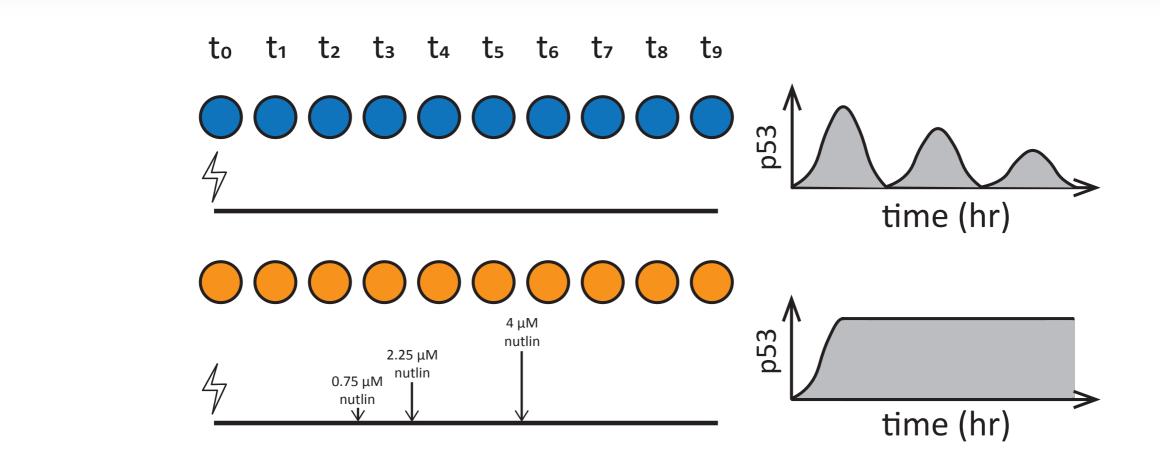
- Priming of adaptive immune cells
- Amplification of innate immune response
- Innate and adaptive immune cell mediated killing

Major cellular stress sensor is p53



Can p53 dynamics in cancer cells alter immune responses?

Time course analysis of gene expression in MCF-7 cells after DNA damage

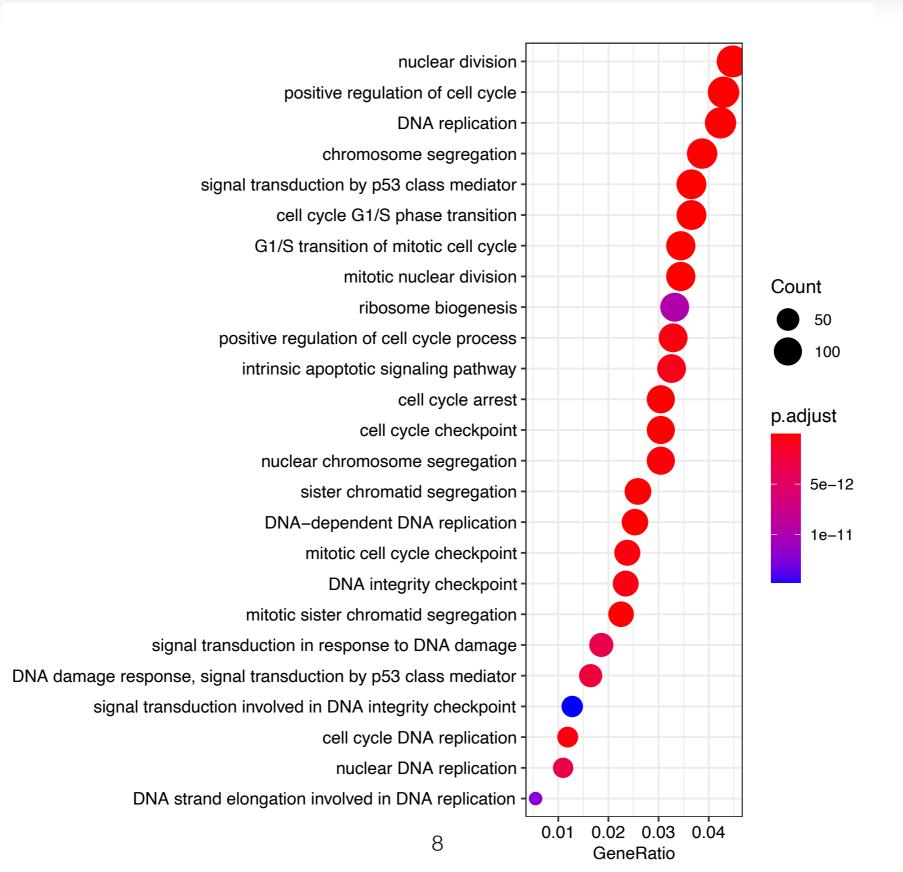


Do p53 dynamics induce the expression of immune response related genes? Yes!

Are some of these immune response genes p53-dependent? Yes!

Do p53-dependent immune response gene expression dynamics differ with pulsatile or sustained p53 expression? Yes!

Over-representation of genes belonging to gene ontologies expected to be involved in DNA damage pathways



Results and Current/Future Work

Preliminary results

 Differential DNA damage responses in cancer cells result in expression of p53-dependent immune response genes

Current/Future work

- Experimentally validate gene expression dynamics of CSF-1, PAI-1, TNFRSF10B, and FAS
- Investigate functionally consequences of differential expression dynamics for immune cells

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